

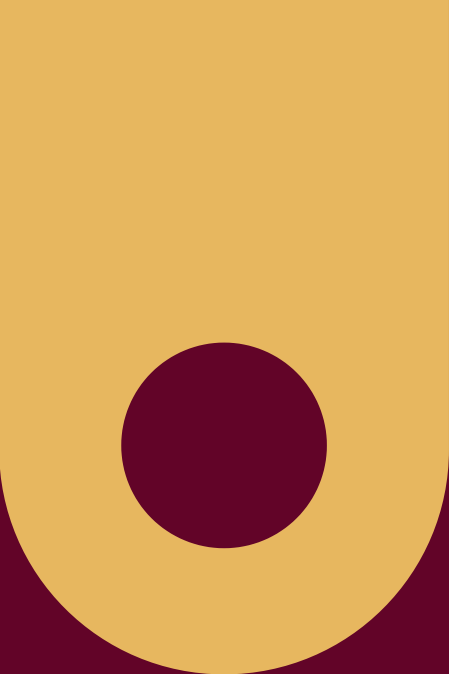
# Safeguarding Handbook

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for friars



Creating a safe and  
sacred community



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# Welcome Message

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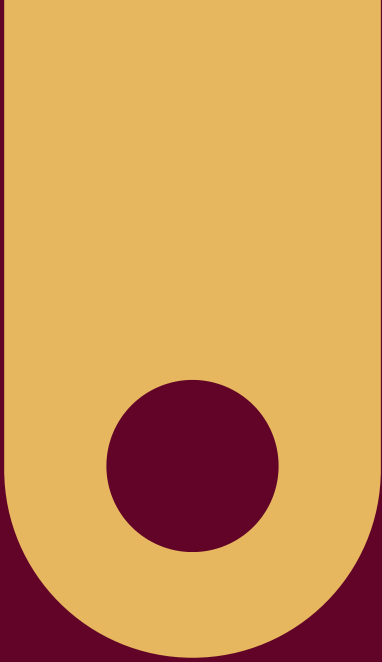
**Here at the Centre for Applied Carmelite Spirituality (CACS), safeguarding is a core part of our mission to always be a safe and sacred community.**

Carmelite spirituality is founded on a deep thirst for spiritual intimacy and friendship, recognising the divine indwelling in every single person. Because of this, we see every encounter as a kind of theophany – a manifestation of God – that must be respected and safeguarded. The dignity and sacredness of each person is paramount.

For us, safeguarding work takes many dimensions. It is not just a policy on a shelf or a box-ticking exercise. Instead, we are committed to promoting a genuine spirituality of care. As an international community of friars, laity, experts and volunteers, this work is challenging and demanding. But it is a journey we are committed to. A journey towards creating a sacred and safe place for spiritual growth, formation and wholeness for everyone.

**Fr Alexander Ezechukwu, OCD**

*Director of CACS; Chair of Safeguarding Committee*



# The Carmelite Anglo-Irish Province Safeguarding **Policy Statement**

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- It is the policy of the Discalced Carmelite Order Anglo-Irish Province to do everything in our power to safeguard the welfare of children, young people and adults at risk to whom we minister.
- We cherish and affirm each person as a gift from God with an inherent right to dignity of life and bodily integrity, which shall be respected, nurtured and protected by all. We strive to protect them from physical, sexual and emotional harm.
- Everyone in the Church has an obligation to ensure that the fundamental rights of all are respected.
- These guiding principles inform our Safeguarding Policy. This has been drawn up to ensure that we take every possible measure to prevent abuse. It aims to ensure that no personnel or volunteers engage in behaviour that could allow abuse or actions that could be misinterpreted by children, their families or other adults as constituting or leading to abuse to occur.
- Have a read of the safeguarding policies on the CACS website: <https://www.carmelite.uk.net/safeguarding>

# Meet the Safeguarding Team

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**Fr Alex Ezechukwu, OCD**  
Director of CACS  
Chair of Safeguarding Committee



**Fr Luke Onwe, OCD**  
Director of SEM  
Safeguarding lead in SEM



**Kate Keefe**  
Safeguarding lead 1  
Lead of safeguarding development



**Fr Liam Finnerty, OCD**  
Safeguarding lead 2  
In-house pastoral & training lead



**Fr Clement Obiorah, OCD**  
Safeguarding lead 3  
DBS lead  
Director of safeguarding communications



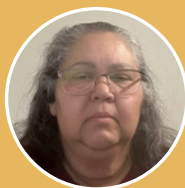
**Judy Bartlett**  
Senior administrator at CACS  
Safeguarding data lead  
Safer recruitment lead



**Christie Moreton**  
SDFP administrator  
DBS deputy



**Thelma Rogers**  
Safeguarding disability and diversity lead



**Alma Castro**  
SDFP Alumni Committee link



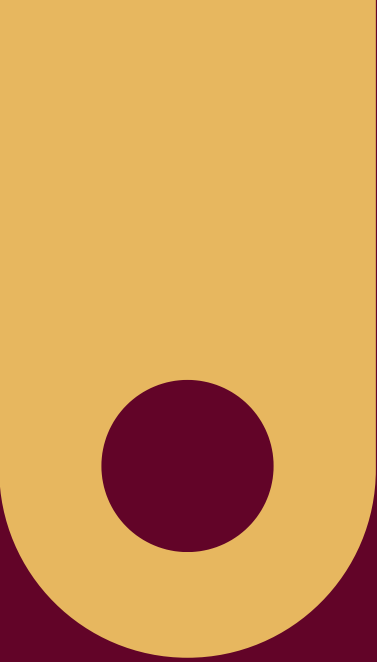
**Dr Kathleen Kelly**  
Leads committee's annual scrutiny of case work



**Simon Bass**  
Consultant



**Dr Barry O'Sullivan**  
Consultant



# What Friars Must Have in Place **Before** **Ministering in CACS**

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- A CACS Level II Safeguarding Certificate as evidence that they have completed a comprehensive safeguarding course relevant to the ministry of the priory and their work at CACS.
- A DBS enhanced check ref adults and children, undertaken by Fr Clement, the DBS lead at CACS.
- If a friar arrives from outside the UK, their 'sixth month' papers will be the initial documentation used to verify their police record. After six months of residence, they will then undertake a DBS check, led by Fr Clement.
- A Celebrant Card. This must be carried when ministering outside of CACS and the priory; for example, in celebrating Mass in a local church.

# Who Are CACS Accountable to in Terms of Safeguarding?

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As we are based in England, CACS is accountable to the following Church authorities:

Catholic Safeguarding Standards Agency (CSSA)

<https://catholicsafeguarding.org.uk>

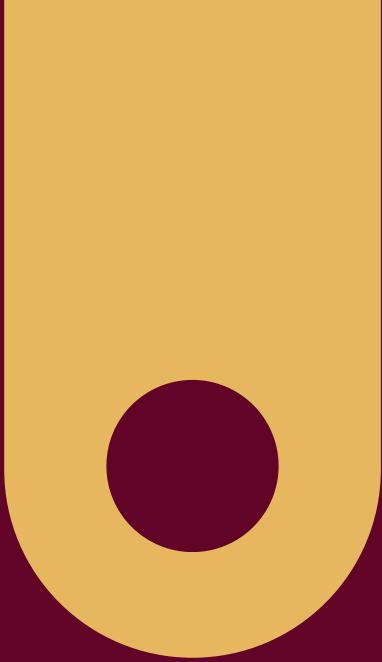
The Religious Life Safeguarding Service (RLSS)

<https://religioussafeguarding.org>

Additionally, CACS is accountable to secular authorities in the UK, which are not under the direction of the Catholic Church. If on the intensive in the US, we are accountable to the secular authorities both nationally and in the state the intensive is in.

If any safeguarding case were to arise at CACS in the UK, the safeguarding lead (or deputy) would work alongside the local secular authorities, such as Oxfordshire Local Authority, Thames Valley Police and other named agencies in the CACS safeguarding policy.

If a safeguarding issue were to arise for friars or laity working for CACS outside the jurisdiction of the UK government, such as in the US, and the case could not be resolved by the CACS safeguarding lead (or deputy), CACS would contact the international desk at the Religious Life Safeguarding Service (RLSS). The RLSS would, in most instances, take over the case and work with the appropriate authorities in the state and in the US diocese.



# What You Need to Know About DBS checks

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## What is a DBS check?

Disclosure and Barring Service (DBS) checks are background checks carried out on individuals which detail all or some of their criminal history. DBS checks replaced the Criminal Records Bureau (CRB) checks.

## Who needs a DBS check?

Any remote volunteers or employees who on a frequent and intensive basis have direct access to, work with or volunteer with children and/or vulnerable adults need a DBS check.

## Why is a DBS required, and what is the point of one?

The whole point of a DBS check is to reduce risk. Organisations have a legal duty to check people against the barred list if they are working with children or vulnerable people. All priests in England and Wales must have a DBS check and provide alternative police clearance until their DBS is processed. At the Priory, this is referred to as 'six months papers', which the prior receives.

## Specifics for friars

Friars visiting for an initial six-month period receive specific safeguarding guidance from the prior, the safeguarding development manager (Kate Keefe), and the safeguarding lead (Fr Liam).

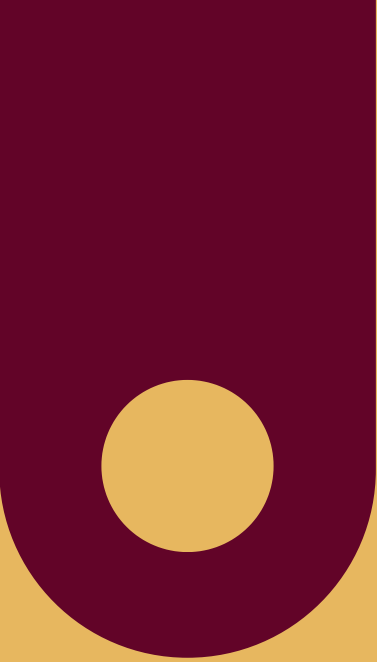
Friars arriving from outside the UK are required to present 'Celebrandi', which verify their status to act as a priest. They are also required to complete additional safeguarding courses at CACS to gain full safeguarding <sup>8</sup> status.

## **Types of DBS checks**

There are four types of DBS checks:

- Basic disclosure (checking for unspent convictions)
- Standard (checking for spent and unspent convictions)
- Enhanced (checking for spent and unspent convictions as well as checking local police info)
- Enhanced with Barred List (checking for spent and unspent convictions as well as checking local police info and barred lists for adults and children)

All friars must undertake an enhanced with Barred List Check.



# DBS Application Process for Friars

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## CACS email address

On arrival, new friars will be issued with a CACS email address by Judy Bartlett, Senior Administrator. Christie Moreton, Academic Registrar, will then create a Thinkific course portal account for each friar and issue instructions on how to use it.

## Beginning the DBS application

Fr Clement organises DBS checks immediately for friars arriving to the priory if they have been resident in Northern Ireland, England, Wales or Scotland for six months or more.

A friar arriving from outside these countries will need to ensure they are ready for their DBS application six months after their arrival by applying for a provisional driving licence. This should be done in the first fortnight after their arrival.

## Initiation

Friars are asked to begin the DBS check by working with Fr Clement. He will send an email with the following documents attached:

- A self-declaration form (Appendix 1)
- A copy of our Equal Opportunities and Handling of DBS Information policies (Appendix 2)

CACS is required by law to share these with you before completing your DBS.

## **Identity verification**

Friars based at the priory in Oxford must provide the documents below:

- Their national passport (e.g. British, Nigerian, Irish, Indian).
- A Revolut bank statement which has the priory address on it and is dated within the last three months.
- A provisional driving licence, which has the priory address and a photo.

## **Application submission**

The application is completed and submitted to the DBS for processing through Fr Clement.

## **Safeguarding courses**

It is a requirement that all friars undertake a Level II safeguarding course in England and Wales. This is a requirement by the Catholic Safeguarding Standards Agency. The CACS Level II Online Safeguarding Course will be on Thinkific for new friars to complete within their first month at the priory.

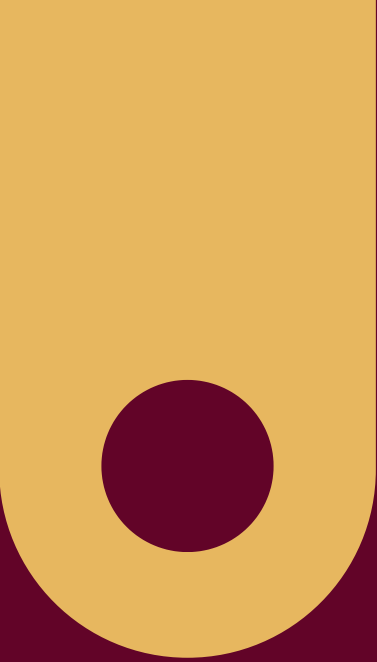
## **Laity resident in the priory undertaking ministries with CACS**

The laity who are resident in the priory undertaking ministries within CACS will need to discuss the safeguarding processes they must undertake with Fr Liam and Kate Keefe (safeguarding leads). This will then be confirmed by the prior.

## **Safeguarding email addresses**

*safe@cacs.org.uk*

*DBSprocess@cacs.org.uk*



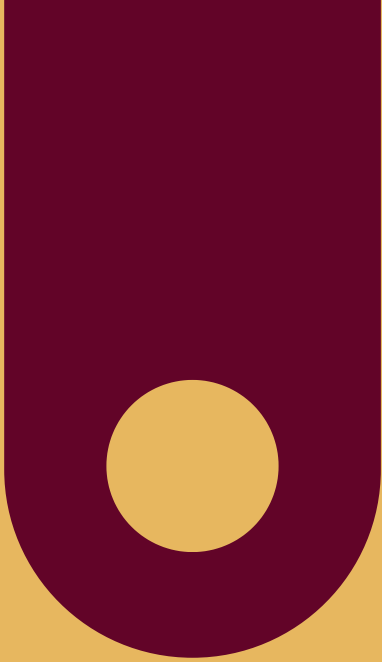
# How to Report an Allegation of Abuse in CACS

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If an allegation is made in any situation described here, you must immediately refer it to one of the safeguarding leads (Fr Liam, Fr Clement or Kate Keefe):

- While you are working in any context for CACS.
- While in a CACS spiritual direction training group (either online or in person).
- While you are working as a volunteer spiritual director for CACS online or in person anywhere in the world.
- While you are working as a retreat guide for CACS.
- While attending Mass at the priory or at an intensive.
- While you are leading a prayer group for CACS.
- While you are leading/facilitating the spiritual direction course or any other CACS course.
- While you are meeting at the retreat house with members of the CACS community or outside groups who have booked the retreat house.

Contact details for the safeguarding leads can be found on the last page of this handbook.

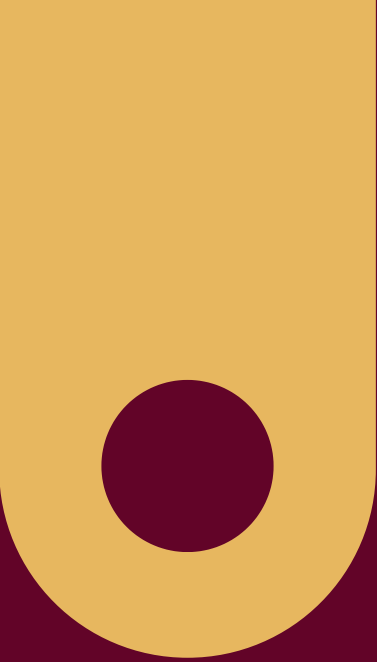


# Allegations of Abuse in the **Sacrament of Penance and Spiritual Direction**

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The Catholic Seal of Confession is sacred. Anything told to a priest in the confessional cannot be shared outside of this, including abuse.

In spiritual direction, where the Seal of Confession is not applicable, abuse must be reported to the appropriate authorities.

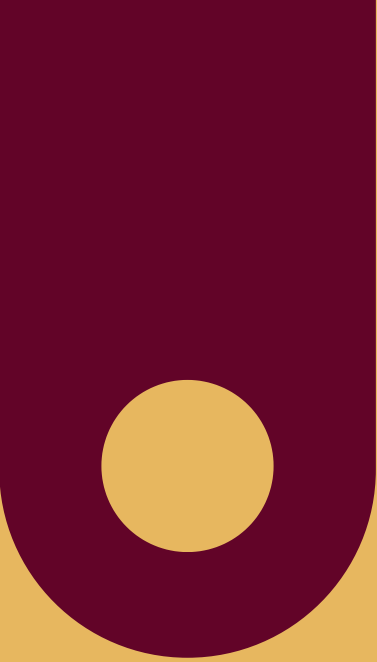


# The Discalced Carmelite Code of Behaviour for Our Life and Ministry

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The Discalced Carmelite Friars undertake to:

- Treat all to whom we minister with respect and courtesy.
- Respect the boundary of physical and emotional space others require, using touch in a prudent and responsible way.
- Provide pastoral ministry in a sufficiently safe environment, ordinarily one that is open and visible.
- Ensure, whenever reasonably possible, that another adult is present or close when providing pastoral ministry to a minor or vulnerable adult.
- In the event of pastoral outings, behave with due prudence, with the other person as your central concern.
- Avoid staying in the same room or travelling alone with a minor or vulnerable adult.
- Avoid all inappropriate communication with children and vulnerable adults through the internet, e-mail, text messages, or otherwise.
- Ensure that permission of the parent/guardian is given when taking photographs or making videos or other recordings of children in the course of ministry to them.
- Avoid the use of the pastoral role to foster relationships of dependence and subservience, over-familiarity with one child or vulnerable adult to the exclusion of others.
- Avoid any form of over-familiarity or inappropriate language that could reasonably be interpreted as harassment.
- Never provide alcohol or any drug/substance to a minor without the express permission of the parent/guardian.
- Never act in a way intended to shame, humiliate, belittle, or degrade.



# The Importance of the Covenant When Ministering in Spiritual Direction

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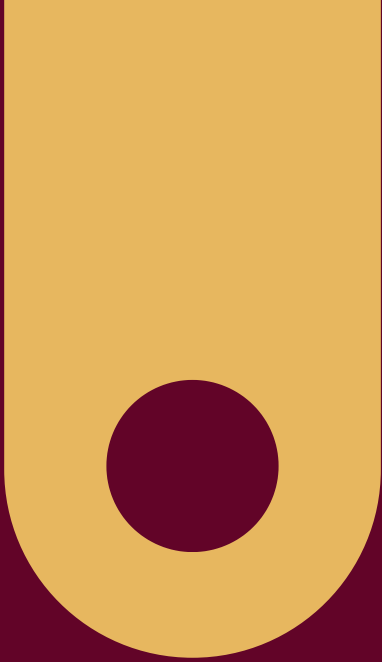
A covenant in spiritual direction is important because it establishes clear expectations and mutual commitments between the spiritual director and the directee.

It functions to:

- define the purpose of the relationship
- outline boundaries
- confirm confidentiality agreements
- agree on meeting frequency
- assign responsibilities.

This clarity fosters a safe, trusting environment where the directee or supervisee can be open and vulnerable, knowing there is a respectful, structured framework supporting their spiritual growth.

Additionally, it helps maintain the integrity and focus of the spiritual direction or supervision process. This can be put in writing, or you can at the beginning of your spiritual direction ministry speak this through with your directee and then make a note of this conversation with the date and what you shared.



# Safeguarding for Individuals Who Are **Neurodivergent or Have a Disability**

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Attention to neurodiversity and disability in spiritual direction and pastoral supervision is essential for fostering inclusive, compassionate and meaningful spiritual accompaniment. It highlights those amongst us who are dyslexic or have been diagnosed with ADHD or autism or another vulnerability. As we know from our safeguarding training, vulnerabilities signal that greater care might be needed.

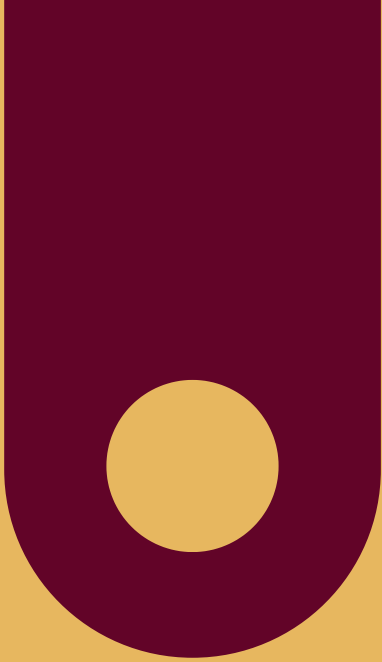
For attention to be effective, we first need to become aware, and awareness for the neurodiverse and disabled people enables adaption, inclusion and a welcoming into our community of Carmelite Christian friendship in a safe and sacred way.

At CACS, we foster an atmosphere in which the spiritually accompanied are enabled to state plainly their needs and identity, thereby enriching the practice of spiritual care, and imaging a community rooted in the diversity of human experience.

By developing our community in this way, we challenge stereotypes and assumptions about disability and spirituality, allowing spiritual leaders to examine their biases, whilst attending to the rich spiritual lives of their directee or supervisee. These are often individuals with profound experiences of faith and connection to the divine, and their diversity essential in building the Kingdom in a safe and sacred way. This approach opens the heart of CACS to welcome all our brothers and sisters with their unique identities into community and sometimes into leadership roles.

Spiritual direction and pastoral supervision encompass the whole person: mind, body and spirit. Recognising neurodiversity and disability as integral to a person's identity allows a more comprehensive approach to spiritual care, one that respects and honours everyone's experiences.

Great care should be taken when establishing covenants to open a space for directees or supervisees to share their disability or neurodiversity, if they wish to do so. In response, we should adapt our approach and the environment in which we practice in welcome and friendship.



# Support Groups and Organisations

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## General

### **Catholic Safeguarding Standards Agency (CSSA)**

Website: <https://www.catholicsafeguarding.org.uk>

(Sets safeguarding standards; can direct you to diocesan/religious order safeguarding contacts.)

### **Religious Life Safeguarding Service**

Website: <https://religioussafeguarding.org>

### **Pope Francis' statement on abuse**

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=14VHtwuhPWc>

## United Kingdom

### **National Domestic Violence Helpline**

Website: [www.nationaldomesticviolencehelpline.org.uk](http://www.nationaldomesticviolencehelpline.org.uk)

(provides support and information for those experiencing domestic violence)

### **Women's Aid**

Website: [www.womensaid.org.uk](http://www.womensaid.org.uk)

(Offers support for women and children affected by domestic abuse, including a live chat service)

### **Refuge**

Website: [www.refuge.org.uk](http://www.refuge.org.uk)

(provides support for women and children experiencing domestic violence, including emergency accommodation)

### **The Survivors Trust**

Website: [www.thesurvivorstrust.org](http://www.thesurvivorstrust.org)

(A national umbrella agency for specialist rape and sexual abuse support services)

### **Men's Advice Line**

Website: [www.mensadviceline.org.uk](http://www.mensadviceline.org.uk)

(offers support to men experiencing domestic violence and abuse)

### **First Light**

Website: <https://www.firstlight.org.uk/our-services/safe-spaces>

## **United States**

### **National Domestic Violence Hotline**

Website: [www.thehotline.org](http://www.thehotline.org)

(provides 24/7 support for those affected by domestic violence)

### **RAINN (Rape, Abuse & Incest National Network)**

Website: [www.rainn.org](http://www.rainn.org)

(offers resources and support for survivors of sexual violence,  
including a confidential hotline)

### **Sexual Assault Hotline (National Sexual Violence Resource Center)**

Website: [www.nsvrc.org](http://www.nsvrc.org)

(provides resources for survivors of sexual violence and information  
about local services)

### **Loveisrespect**

Website: [www.loveisrespect.org](http://www.loveisrespect.org)

(focuses on providing support to young people in abusive relationships)

### **Men Can Stop Rape**

Website: [www.mencanstoprape.org](http://www.mencanstoprape.org)

(works to engage men and boys in preventing sexual violence)

These organisations provide a range of services, including hotlines, counselling, legal assistance, and resources for finding safe housing.

If you or someone you know is in immediate danger, please call emergency services.



# Contact Information

## **Fr Thaddeus Ekuma, OCD**

*Safeguarding lead for the Discalced Carmelite Order Anglo Irish-Province*

Email: [ibnthed@gmail.com](mailto:ibnthed@gmail.com)

Phone: +447438916700

## **Kate Keefe, Fr Liam Finnerty OCD and Fr Clement Oborah OCD**

*Safeguarding leads for CACCS*

Email: [safe@cacs.org.uk](mailto:safe@cacs.org.uk)

Phone: 07300319055

The phone line is open 9:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. UK time (GMT or BST),  
Monday to Sunday.

Enquiries will be picked up by Kate in the first instance and  
forwarded when appropriate.